Technical Data Sheet



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SC2006

Silicone Resin

SC2006 is a two-part silicone encapsulation compound designed for the protection of electrical devices. It has a good thermal conductivity and performs exceptionally well at high temperatures, making it suitable for applications operating up to 200°C.

- Good thermal conductivity and excellent high temperature performance
- · Extremely soft and flexible; ideal for delicate components and assemblies
- Simple 1:1 mix ratio; aids ease of processing
- Flame retardant; meets UL94 V-0

Approvals	RoHS-2 Compliant (2011/65/EU): UL Approval:	Yes Meets UL94 V-0
Typical Properties		
Liquid Properties	Part A Viscosity (mPa s @ 23°C) Part B Viscosity (mPa s @ 23°C) Mixed System Viscosity (mPa s @ 23°C) Mix Ratio (Weight) Mix Ratio (Volume) Gel Time (23°C) Cure Time (23°C) Cure Time (70°C) Colour Part A - Resin Colour Part B - Hardener Storage Conditions Shelf Life	15000 10000 15000 1:1 1:1 40 mins 4-16 hours <30 minutes Grey White Above 15°C, Below 30°C 12 Months
Cured System	Thermal Conductivity (W/m.K) Cured Density (g/ml) Temperature Range (°C) Max Temperature Range (short Term (°C)/30 mins) (Application and Geometry Dependent) Dielectric Strength (kV/mm) Volume Resistivity (ohm-cm) Shore Hardness @ 25°C Colour (Mixed System)	1.0 2.23 -50 to +200 +225 16 10 ¹⁴ A10 / OO 60 Grey

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Electrolube cannot be held responsible for the performance of its products within any application determined by the customer, who must satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product.

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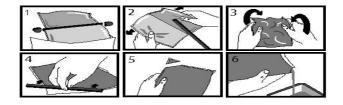
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Loss Tangent @ 50 Hz	0.0014
Permittivity @ 50 Hz	2.9
Tensile Strength (MPa)	0.7
10% Stretch Modulus (MPa)	0.4
Elongation at Break	300%

Mixing Procedures

Resin Packs

When in resin pack form, the resin and hardener are mixed by removing the clip and moving the contents around inside the pack until thoroughly mixed. To remove the clip, remove both end caps, grip each end of the pack and pull apart gently. By using the removed clip, take special care to push unmixed material from the corners of the pack. Mixing normally takes from two to four minutes depending on the skill of the operator and the size of the pack. Both the resin and hardener are evacuated prior to packing so the system is ready for use immediately after mixing. The corner may be cut from the pack so that it may be used as a simple dispenser.



Bulk Mixina

When mixing, care must be taken to avoid the introduction of excessive amounts of air. Automatic mixing equipment is available which will not only mix both the resin and hardener accurately in the correct ratio but do this without introducing air. Containers of Part A (Resin) and Part B (Hardener) should be kept sealed at all times when not in use to prevent the ingress of moisture. Bulk material must be thoroughly mixed before use. Incomplete mixing will result in erratic or partial curing.

General

Sedimentation of the resin has been minimised by careful attention to the formulation. However, any sediment which may have occurred over long periods of time must be dispersed before removing any material from the container. This dispersion can be carried out (if necessary) by stirring with a broad bladed spatula or gently rolling the can. Take care not to introduce excessive amounts of air during this operation or it may be necessary to re-evacuate the resin. Sedimentation will be accelerated by storage at high temperatures. Sedimentation found in resin packs forms no problem since the sediment is re-mixed when the pack is used.

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Additional Information

Cleaning:

It is far easier for machines & containers to be cleaned before the resin has been allowed to cure. Electrolube's RRS is suitable for cleaning machines and containers and cured resin may be slowly softened and removed by soaking in our RRS.

All surfaces must be clean before resin is applied. Certain materials, chemicals, curing agents and plasticizers can inhibit the cure of silicone encapsulants. Most notable of these include:

- Organotin and other organometallic compounds
- Silicone rubber containing organotin catalyst
- Sulphur, polysulphides, polysulphones or other sulphur containing materials
- Amines, urethanes or amine-containing materials
- Unsaturated hydrocarbon plasticisers
- Some solder flux residues

Curing: Do not heat cure large volumes immediately. Allow these to gel at room temperature and

post-cure at high temperature if required (refer to liquid properties for details). Small volumes

(250ml) may be heat cured immediately.

Storage: When storing under very cold conditions, the hardener may crystallise. If this occurs, simply

warm (40°C) the container gently until all crystals have re-melted.

Health & Safety: Always refer to the Health & Safety data sheet before use. These can be downloaded from

www.electrolube.com

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